

WealthTransfer.guru

The financial crisis of 2007-2008 was a speed bump along the road that leads to a calamity that the worlds brightest monetary system experts believe will be bigger than anything experienced in almost 90 years.

Most people don't realize that the biggest wealth transfer since the 1930s Great Depression has already begun.

For the uneducated and unprepared majority it will be a financial disaster, their assets and investments are predicted to fall by up-to -80%, everyone that has stocks, bonds, property and cash deposits will be all but wiped out.

The majority of today's well off will become tomorrows poor

It may be difficult to believe it, but the evidence is overwhelming.



“the further back you look, the further forward you can see”

- Winston Churchill

It's all happened many times before, but this time the effects will be much bigger.

Meet the experts

Martin Armstrong is the former chairman of Princeton Economics International Ltd. He is best known for his economic predictions based on the [Economic Confidence Model](#), which he developed.

<https://www.armstrongeconomics.com>

James Rickards is an American lawyer. He is a regular commentator on finance, and is the author of *The New York Times* bestseller *Currency Wars: The Making of the Next Global Crisis*, published in 2011, *The Death of Money: The Coming Collapse of the International Monetary System*, published in 2014, and *The New Case for Gold*, published in 2016.

<http://www.jamesrickardsproject.com>

Mike Maloney is a precious metals investor and author of *Rich Dad's Advisors: Guide To Investing in Gold and Silver*

<https://www.hiddensecretsofmoney.com>

Tim Price is director of investment at PFP Wealth Management, a UK-based investment and financial advisory practice which advises on and manages £1.5 billion in client asset. He is also a regular contributor of articles to MoneyWeek

<http://www.capitalandconflict.com/central-banks/the-war-on-cash-continues>

Steve Keen is an Australian-born, British-based economist and author. Professor and Head of the School of Economics, History and Politics at [Kingston University](#) in London

<http://www.debtdeflation.com/blogs/>

By the time you have finished reading this document you will have a decision to make. Do nothing and risk substantial consequences to your wealth or take simple steps, get educated and be prepared.

Education

www.Wealthtransfer.guru

Has put together one of the most comprehensive educational resources available today, and we want you to have access to it for free

Solutions

<http://www.wealthfortress.co.uk>

Will help you set up an insurance strategy designed to protect your assets and investments against the inevitable crisis



The experts all agree, the biggest wealth transfer has already begun and will play out between 2016 and 2020 – the effects will have huge repercussions for many savers, pensioners and investors in Britain.

This new threat is connected to the financial crisis of 2008, and the subsequent accumulation of debt in Britain and every major Western economy.

But, it could be catastrophic for investors.

As you'll soon see, we now face an exceptional threat... one not seen since the aftermath of the Second World War. It is a dangerous situation that often occurs when a nation has accumulated huge debts. And it always has a damaging impact on private investors.

To most people, it seems like the economic situation in Britain is improving.

To most people, by 2015 it seemed like the economic situation in Britain had improved.

Seven years on from the banking crisis, stocks and pension funds recovered almost all of their losses. The housing market had moved up once again and after years of stagnation the economy looked like it had grown.

Everywhere you looked, things were going up, but in 2016 everything has begun to decline once again.

The final phase of the British debt crisis is about to begin. It will take many people by surprise, which makes it twice as dangerous.

The world is in a currency war which means there is a significant risk of a currency collapse or a sovereign debt default which will lead to more money

printing under the FIAT system which ultimately leads to deflation followed by hyperinflation.

Millions of people will see their savings threatened. Retirees could see their incomes reduced. And a significant number of people will see their living standards fall – they'll find themselves *poorer* than their parents.

Wealthtransfer.guru doesn't make this prediction lightly. We have studied the evidence and reached a logical conclusion.

The FIAT system

<https://www.hiddensecretsofmoney.com/videos/episode-4>

Currency Wars

<https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=Currency+Wars+Rickards+Summary&&view=detail&mid=488C4922350829A830B1488C4922350829A830B1&FORM=VRDGAR>

Deflation followed by hyperinflation

<https://www.hiddensecretsofmoney.com/videos/roller-coaster-crash-mike-maloney-deflation>

Back to Britain, we believe the debts that the government have been accumulating over the past decade have now reached almost unpayable levels. We believe there is no way the government can meet its obligations without resorting to underhand – and downright dishonest – tactics. We'll explain the implications of this, because what it means is important to you and everyone in the country.

The final phase in this crisis could threaten the savings, retirement plans and investment portfolios of a huge number of people in Britain.

Yes – private investors like you. It won't be the banking industry... irresponsible borrowers... or politicians – the people who got us into this mess in the first place – who will be worst hit. It will be regular, prudent savers and investors.

We'll explain how we know this will happen. You can decide for yourself if we're full of hot air.

We know that debts don't just disappear. We know you cannot solve a debt crisis by printing mountains of money. Most of all, we know that unless Britain defaults... or 'restructures'... **we must pay our debts back.**

Just remember that as you read on.

Because it's a fact that will bring about some major changes to Britain in the coming years.

The most important part of this situation is not what is happening... but rather what you can do about it. Will you prepare and protect yourself from this threat?

You can challenge every single one fact and we are confident you'll find we're right about each allegation we make. Then you can decide for yourself.

We will talk you through what's happening and what you can do. We can't promise you'll emerge from this potential crisis unharmed – but taking out insurance is simple and you may even get seriously rich.

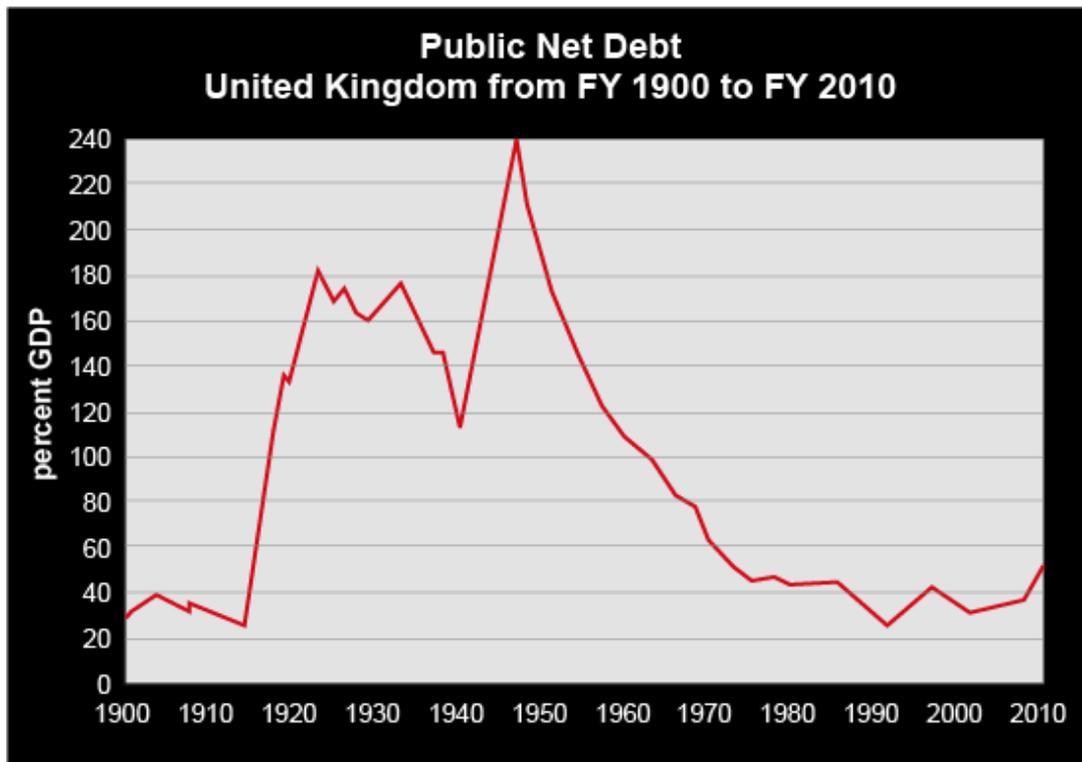
Let's start at the beginning. Here's why we are so concerned, and what we believe will happen...

Britain in the Red

Britain is in a vast amount of debt.

Let's take a look at the numbers...

Five years ago, when the Coalition government formed, we were already in a huge amount of debt. In fact, the previous government had left the country sinking under £830 billion worth, or 56% of our entire national output. Take a look at the following chart:



Source: ukpublicspending.co.uk

The coalition has spent the last five years desperately and very publicly trying to get our finances in order.

We've had an "austerity" budget.

We've had tax hikes.

We've had spending cuts.

But for all that, the national debt has still grown at a frightening rate.

The government has talked tough and it has averted the financial crisis that has swept Europe - which seemed likely back in 2010. But for all that, David Cameron's government will add an estimated £530 billion to the national debt in just five years. That's more than Tony Blair and Gordon Brown added in 11 years.

Despite all the "austerity" this government will double the national debt in just one parliament.

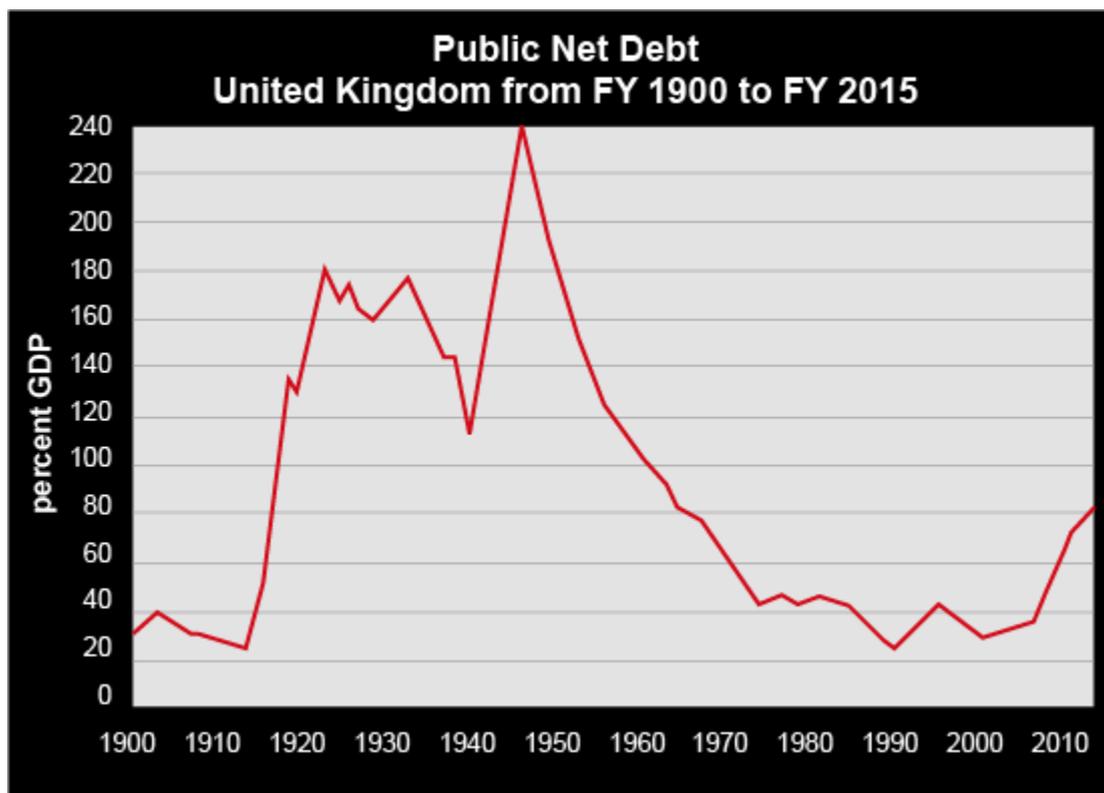
At the time of writing this guide our national debt is £1,691,782,200,789, or 82% of our entire national output.

<http://www.nationaldebtclock.co.uk/>

By some distance, that will be the furthest 'in the red' Britain has been for over half a century. The only comparable situation are the years following the Second World War.

Back then, following the death of 60 million people worldwide, and the crippling effect of war on British industry and the Empire as a whole, our debt peaked at 250% of our national output.

Those extraordinary times aside, Britain has never faced a worse situation, as the chart proves:



Source: ukpublicspending.co.uk

It's clear that our public finances are in an enormous mess. Anyone can see that. And to some extent, some politicians will admit it.

But when you look closer at the situation, an even darker picture emerges...

That 'national debt' figure DOESN'T include some very, very important figures... like the money the government had to borrow to bail out the banks in 2008.

That's right: the £900 billion it cost to pay for the mistakes of financiers who gambled with the economy and lost *doesn't count* towards the national debt.

That's because government accountants choose not to include it. But when you add this vast obligation back in, the national debt spirals to £2.2 trillion (that's £2,200,000,000,000), or 130% of our national output.

That is a truly staggering sum.

Britain is mortgaged to the hilt. We're sinking under a mountain of debt.

And even THAT isn't the full story...

Because the *government's own figures* show that by 2017, the interest bill on all this debt will top £70 billion.

That's £70 billion the government will have to find, every year, **just to pay the interest**, never mind the principal.

That's equivalent of our entire Defence and Education budgets... *put together*. And every penny will go to servicing the mountain of debt Britain has accumulated.

You don't have to be an economics graduate to see Britain is flat broke.

Our political leaders still like to see us as a world power. But the facts paint a much darker picture.

It doesn't matter which set of figures you use, or which way you look at Britain's debts.

We're talking about different shades of disaster here.

A country can either pay its debts back, or it can't.

And it's clear that Britain can't.

At least, not without paying the debt back in increasingly worthless currency... or by taking the money outright from its citizens...

People like you.

Which is exactly what the government will do. They are going to enact a series of policies designed to steal money from you.

We'll show you how in this report.

So what's different about today? What makes this warning so urgent?

Things are supposed to be getting better in the economy... House prices are rising... the stock market is back to its pre-crisis highs... the economy is growing.

What's the problem?

Let us show you...

How the most powerful trend of the next 20 years could push Britain even further into debt

The government has been borrowing more and more money every year for the past three decades. That's a trend that's accelerated in recent years.

So why can't it continue?

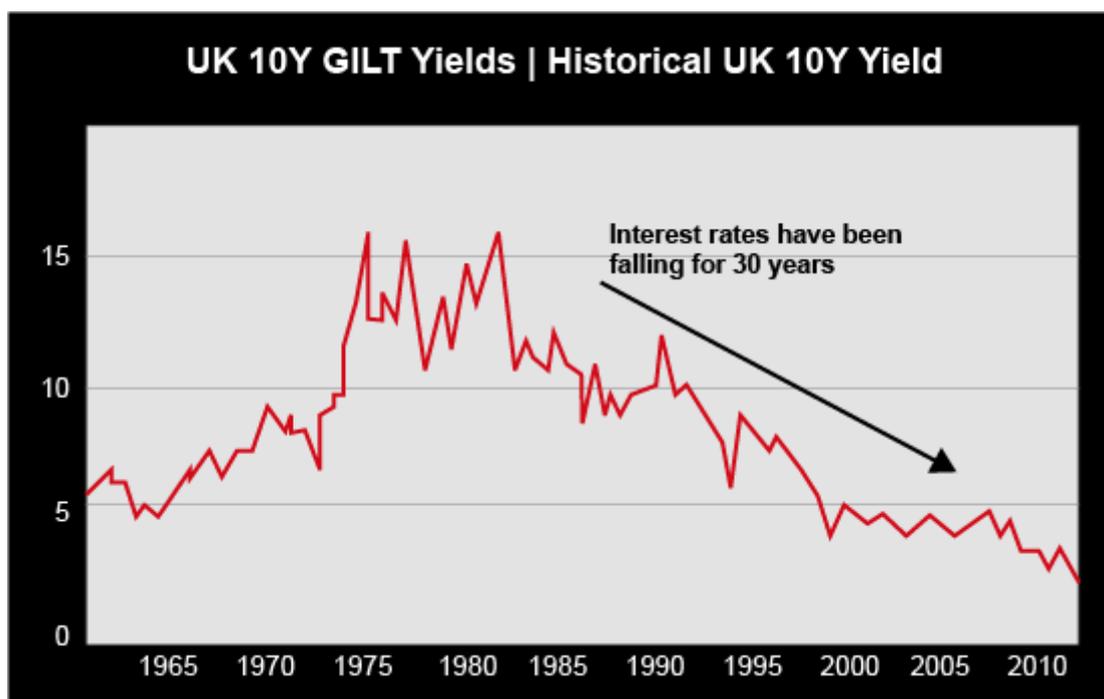
Why can't the government just keep taking on MORE debt to keep the country afloat.

It's worked so far - what's makes today special?

The answer to that is simple.

The explosion of government debt in recent times has come whilst it's been **easy and cheap for the government to borrow money.**

Interest rates on government debt have been falling for decades. Here, let us show you...



Source: *gecodia.com*

In 1982 Margaret Thatcher's government had to pay 15% to borrow money for three years. This came as a bond (a gilt). Anyone with money - be it a rich country or a pension fund - could invest in the bonds, and receive 15% interest in return.

But over time the government's borrowing costs have fallen - dramatically. Now the government only has to pay about 2% to borrow money over the same period. That's seven times cheaper than in 1982.

And low interest rates make it much easier to borrow money.

Debt has been getting steadily cheaper for three decades. That has allowed the government to borrow more and more money, without having to face the consequences.

But these 'good times' are about to come to an end.

If interest rates were at their normal rate of 5% - instead of the extremely low 2% they are at now - there's no way Britain could ever repay its debts.

In fact, at normal rates of interest we're already bust. Not just 'in over our heads', but six feet under.

It's simple maths. If interest rates moved back towards their normal 5% level, our cost of borrowing would almost triple.

That would mean the government would be forced to find a huge sum of money, every year, just to pay our interest bill. A return to the kind of eye watering tax rates seen in the 1960s and 70s - when rates peaked at 83% - would be almost inevitable.

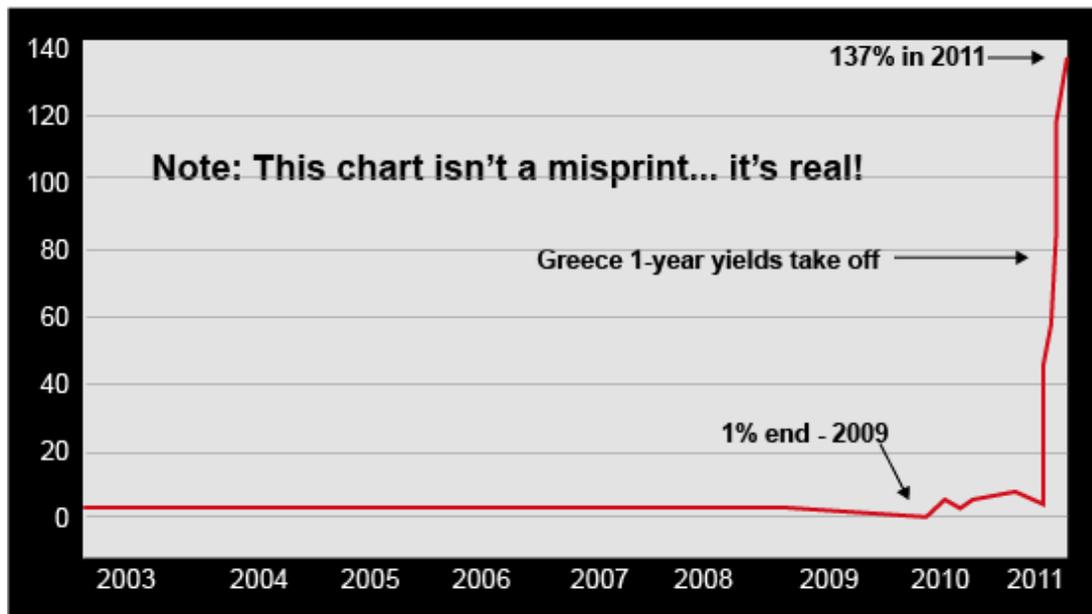
Britain would change radically.

And that's just if interest rates moved to a 'normal' level.

The fact is, when you're in a lot of debt, interest rates are either your lifeline... or your death sentence. So long as rates stay low, you can just about keep things on track. You can service your debts... keep borrowing... and keep the wolves from your door.

When rates move higher... you get squeezed... and eventually, you're finished. Suddenly, you have to find more and more money to cover the interest on your debt.

They say a picture tells a thousand words. So we'll save a few words and show you this:



Source: Bloomberg

This is an extreme example of what happens when interest rates take off. As you can see, in 2009, the Greek government could borrow money at just 1% - lower than Britain's current interest rates.

Then in the wake of the financial crisis, the Greek economy hit the rocks, fell into recession and the markets realised what a complete mess the country was in.

Interest rates shot up vertically. And Greece imploded.

That's the danger of rocketing interest rates to a country with huge debts.

As Douglas Carswell, MP, said: "Greece might be the first Western country to discover that you cannot keep running up debts to pay for a lifestyle you did not earn. She will not be the last. The laws of mathematics and universal."

In Britain, interest rates on government borrowing are incredibly low. We're near the bottom of a thirty year downward trend...

That means the most important trend of the next twenty years is rising interest rates.

Debt has been getting cheaper for decades. Now it's about to get much more expensive.

No one can say exactly how quickly things will escalate, or exactly when interest rates will rise. It could take years. Or it could happen in a matter of months.

But one thing is certain: Sooner or later, they WILL rise.

And when that day arrives, things could get nasty...

An impossible situation

Britain isn't the first country to face this kind of situation.

Neither will it be the last.

In fact, if you look back at what's happened in other highly indebted countries in the past... you'll gain an insight into exactly what is around the corner in Britain.

Essentially, when a nation has built up an unsustainable level of debt there are three likely outcomes. The problem is, they all result in varying degrees of disaster...

1. Default. *This is the most honest and open way of dealing with debt. A country simply announces to the markets that it can't or won't pay all of its debts. The people who lent it money, lose out.*

The problem is it's also the most damaging outcome. It often results in a wave of banking failures, bankruptcies... sometimes even civil unrest.

The best example of this happening is in Argentina in 2001. Locked into a state of siege brought on by the default, the financial system buckled. Businesses closed. Trade fell off a cliff. Banks shut or blocked transactions. The government collapsed. The people were so desperate for food that they hijacked livestock trucks and slaughtered the animals in the streets.

That gives you some sense of the consequences of outright default.

But default is not the only (or even the most likely), outcome of debt crisis...

2. Money printing. *If a nation finds itself with unpayable debts, it has a second option. It can print new currency to pay its debts in. This risks the national currency losing its value, inflation or even hyperinflation taking off.*

Again, there are examples of this. The best is probably the Weimar Republic.

Back then, in the aftermath of the First World War, Germany faced absolutely colossal debts - many of them thrust upon it as War Reparations.

Faced with this situation, the Weimar government simply *printed money* in order to meet its obligations. You probably know what happened next: hyperinflation took off, the currency collapsed and many people lost everything. It was cheaper to decorate your home with bank notes than wallpaper. Ultimately, the country descended into a period of economic and social crisis... a catastrophe that ended with the rise of the Nazi party.

But again, that's NOT the only outcome this kind of situation creates...

3. Government theft. *This is how 9 out of 10 debt 'crises' play out. The government realises it does not have enough money in its coffers to pay its debt... so it forces its citizens to pay it – essentially government sponsored theft.*

Sometimes this happens outright - with incredibly high tax rates that squeeze every penny possible out of the population.

But it's often accompanied by a whole series of underhand, stealthy and insidious tactics designed to take as much of your money from you... without you realising it. In financial circles, this is called Wealth Repression.

The only question that remains is:

Which of these fates will Britain suffer?

The good news is, we don't believe Britain will default on its debts - unless things take a dramatic turn for the worse.

And runaway inflation - whilst not impossible - is only a remote possibility.

That means the bad news is...

The government is coming for your money

Throughout history, when countries have been in huge amounts of debt, governments have appropriated the wealth of their citizens.

It goes as far back as Ancient Rome. As the Empire crumbled, the Emperors raised taxes over and over, squeezing as much coin as they could from their subjects.

In 1933, faced with the ruin of the Great Depression, President Roosevelt did the only thing he could. He confiscated the wealth of the ordinary man in the street, signing Executive Order 6102, which forbid people to hold any significant amount of gold.

Essentially, the government appropriated the wealth of millions of people by making it illegal for them to own the precious metal. Refusal to comply with these demands meant with a five year prison sentence. That's how the US filled Fort Knox – by seizing other people's gold.

Think that's a one off? That no Western government would ever take such action again?

We wouldn't be so sure...

In the 1970s, the US imposed strict capital controls, preventing money from leaving the country and forcing people to buy government bonds. Investors lost so much money that the bonds were given the nickname **“certificates of confiscation.”**

In an extreme example of how desperate things can get, in 2012 the Hungarian government, facing a major debt crisis, nationalised all pensions.

Anyone who'd been saving for their retirement found their pension taken from them “in the national interest”. In return, they were promised that the government would look after them in their old age.

Can you imagine that? Waking up one day and finding the money you've put aside for retirement is gone, with only a promise from a bankrupt government in its place?

Imagine how it would feel to see your life's savings taken from you to pay for the mistakes of a bunch of feckless politicians who couldn't get the country's finances in order.

It's many people's worst nightmare...

No one is saying that will happen in Britain – yet. But it goes to show that when a government gets desperate enough, there's no limit to what they can do.

That's why I'm writing to you now. This is the warning people in Hungary never had. Because at the moment, you still have the chance to put your wealth out of harm's way. But only if you act right away.

Remember: Here in Britain, our own governments have been willing to act with these kind of aggressive measures. Just think back to the 1970s, when tax rates pushed to an extreme level, peaking at 83%.

Capital controls were enforced that made it illegal for you to move more than £500 out of the country. People found themselves trapped, living through an economic disaster with no way of moving their money elsewhere... forced to withstand the worst of a 25% inflation rate.

The government created strict dividend controls – limiting and taxing the amount of money you could collect in dividend payouts.

The government attempted to take as much money as it could from private investors – to save its own skin.

And this isn't ancient history I'm talking about. It was only forty years ago, in the 70s.

We believe this is exactly what today's government will do:

Taking your money from you is the only way it has ANY chance of paying off the national debt.

And if you don't act to protect your money, you could find yourself frighteningly exposed to the government's insidious, grasping new policies.

In fact, you could already felt the impact of the government's assaults. Because many of them have already begun...

An underhand attack on your finances

There are two ways a government can take your money from you:
It can **openly** force you to cough up large sums of cash, through taxes.

Or it can **deceptively** increase various underhand and devious ways of trapping, devaluing and taking your money.

By being deceptive, the government can actually help itself to vast amounts of wealth... whilst very few people realise what's going on. As we mentioned earlier, this is known as "Wealth Repression" in financial jargon.

Financial repression involves the government reducing its debts by all means at its disposal. That means appropriating and controlling the wealth of everyone in the country, by:

- **Relentlessly pushing taxes higher**

You've probably already felt this, on one level or another. For example, did you know that as of end-2013 this government has quietly pushed through **509 NEW tax rises?**

That's included new capital gains taxes, a carbon tax, twelve new air passenger duties, new fuel taxes and increased VAT.

Sure, they've slightly reduced taxes in certain areas of the economy – like corporation tax. But behind this smokescreen, they're squeezing tax rates up everywhere they can.

And it's not all about raising taxes. It's equally effective to reduce tax relief on the money you've already earned – like your pension.

In the space of 5 years or so, the government has squeezed the limit on pension plans from £1.8m... to £1.5m... to £1.25m.

If this trend continues, what comes next? A one off “pension tax” on all pension pots? All out nationalisation? No one can say.

But the trend is clear – the government is slowly but surely squeezing money out of prudent citizens.

And taxes are just the start...

- **Deliberately pushing inflation up – the ultimate “Stealth Tax”**

This is probably the government’s biggest weapon for stealthily confiscating your wealth.

By supporting the Bank of England as it prints money and keep interest rates down, both of which create inflation, the government engineers a “transfer” of wealth from prudent savers to irresponsible borrowers.

That’s because inflation erodes the value of the government’s debts... whilst making cash savings worth less and less as time passes.

For example, according to the ONS prudent investors have seen the value of the pounds in their pocket reduced by 17% or over one sixth, since January 2008... simply because of inflation.

Your savings are being secretly devalued. The government is deliberately making you poorer, to inflate away its own debts.

Unfortunately, that isn’t the only insidious effect inflation has.

Inflation also helps the government to “drag” more people into paying a higher rate of tax (a process known as “Fiscal Drag”).

This process is well under way as well. In 2009 you had to earn over £50,000 in today's money before you paid the higher rate of income tax. This has now plunged to £41,450. If this trend continues – and I’m certain it will – we could soon see people earning as little as £30,000 in today’s money, paying higher rate taxes.

But even that isn’t the full story...

- **Rigging interest rates**

Keeping interest rates artificially low makes it easier and cheaper for the government to borrow money. They also penalise savers and pensioners – again, the prudent pay for the mistakes of the irresponsible.

For instance, the government can now borrow money for as little as 1.5%... whilst savers see their wealth eroded day by day.

And this isn't something that will change any time soon.

You may remember that last year the Governor of the Bank of England, Mark Carney, claimed that interest rates would not rise until unemployment fell to 7%.

But in December, when unemployment dropped to 7.1% - he went back on this promise.

That's because the Bank of England *doesn't want* to raise interest rates, no matter what happens, as they're a key plank of the government's Wealth Repression strategy.

Interest rates have been rigged. And they'll remain that way for a long time.

And there's one final classic wealth repression 'policy' you need to know about...

- **Trapping your money in the UK**

This hasn't happened in the UK – yet. But in our view, it won't be long.

Because another key component of wealth repression is the use of **capital controls**.

The purpose of capital controls is simple; they're designed to trap money inside the country, to stop smart investors taking their money elsewhere as the crisis escalates.

That means limiting how much money you can take abroad with you and controlling the types of foreign shares you can buy.

This isn't so far-fetched an idea as it might seem, either. Keep in mind that until 1979, capital controls prevented you from taking more than £500 out of the country. So it's something that our government could easily implement again.

The whole point is, this process is slow and insidious. It happens almost imperceptibly.

If the government announced that everyone's savings will be devalued by 15% tomorrow, there'd be protests in the streets.

So the authorities take a more underhand approach. They slowly erode the value of *everyone's* savings... and most people don't even bat an eyelid. Soon

this becomes “normal” and people get poorer every year, without even knowing.

Rather than explicitly announcing that they’re coming to take your money, the authorities steadily nibble away at your wealth... eroding your wealth until one day you wake up and you’ve got nothing left.

The most important thing to realise is, this is a trend that looks set to get worse. Slowly but surely, the government is closing in on private investors.

In fact, the noose gets tighter by the day.

The greatest “transfer” of wealth in generations

You may not know this, but several foreign governments have already experimented with some of the more aggressive and “out there” policies of wealth repression.

For example, according to reports in 2012, Eurozone finance chiefs have drafted proposals limiting the size of withdrawals from cash machines, border checks, and the suspension of free travel between countries.

Essentially, the ordinary people of Europe are finding it increasingly difficult to move their money... and sometimes their families... to safety.

Bank bails in are happening in the Eurozone, and will spread to the UK, most people don’t realize that their deposits can be taken to bail in a bank, you see depositors are subordinated creditors of the bank, the money on deposit does not belong to the depositor it belongs to the bank.

Listen to Tim Price War on cash Law

<https://audioboom.com/boos/4053973-the-war-on-cash-with-tim-price>

Just imagine what that must be like... to have your money in a bank you know is on the brink of collapse, with no hope of being able to get hold of your own money.

Losing control would be devastating.

This kind of attack on ordinary people isn’t confined to Europe either. The Obama administration is implementing a series of incredibly aggressive measures against its own citizens, in an attempt to squeeze as much money out of them as it can.

These measures are known as the “Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)”.

And they force every financial institution *in the world* to declare all US citizen's income to the government... or face an immediate 30% tax.

The US government is seeking to control the wealth of every American on the planet, no matter where they live or how much they earn. And controlling people's wealth is just the first step. It won't be long before a new tax – or something equally insidious – is introduced.

Everywhere you look, governments are using wealth repression to desperately try and pay their own debts at the expense of people like me and you. And this trend will only continue.

Just consider what happened in Cyprus in 2014...

As part of the 'bailout' of Cypriot banks, it was savers who paid a penalty. Anyone with deposits of over 100,000 euros saw their money placed in a 'bad bank' – with the potential for them to lose 30%... or even 100%... of their money.

This is a pure, simple example of Wealth Repression.

It shows how governments in desperate financial situations will force ordinary savers and investors to bear the brunt of the pain. (Importantly, bondholders – people who'd lent money – in Cypriot banks didn't have to take a haircut.)

So it's no surprise the financial press jumped all over the story. As Lars Christensen, of Denmark's Saxo Bank, said: "If you can do this once, you can do it again."

Again, don't write this off as a 'basket-case' economy engaging in fringe policies.

Forcing savers to pay for the mistakes of bankers and politicians is what **every Western nation on the planet is doing.**

It's just most are doing it in a less obvious, more underhand fashion.

So the big question is: what's coming next?

Well, no one can say precisely what the government has in store. This isn't the kind of information they want to share with the public. It will be insidiously introduced, without most people noticing.

But one thing you can be sure of is: Unless you take action, the government will squeeze every penny it can out of you over the coming years.

Most people won't even realise... they'll just get gradually, incrementally poorer, step by little step... as their wealth is slowly confiscated and eroded by inflation.

But ultimately, these are the kinds of situations you could find yourself in during the coming years:

Your freedom, restricted. *You set off to take a brief holiday on the Mediterranean. As you go through security at the airport, you are asked to reveal how much money you have on you. You take out your wallet. Anything over £500 is confiscated. And you can't use your credit cards overseas.*

The government has gradually created tighter and tighter capital controls to prevent money leaving the country... until it's almost impossible to take more than a small amount of cash out of the UK.

Your investments controlled. *And capital controls don't just apply to your cash. They're also put in place to stop money flooding into foreign shares.*

Let's say you come across an interesting investment idea that involves buying a foreign share. You open up your online stockbroking account and search for it. Instead of the usual ticker code and information, all that appears is an error message: "Sorry, but overseas shares are no longer available".

Your pension, downgraded. *You watch as your pension allowances are steadily cut, forcing you to pay more and more tax on your retirement cash. Eventually, the government introduces a one off "Pension Tax" on all pension pots worth more than £100,000.*

A dividend super tax. *The government announces its latest budget. Hidden amongst the plethora of tax increases is another shock – a dividend super tax. To your dismay, you find that the dividend income you were relying on is much, much lower than usual.*

You can imagine, the worst feeling of all will be the loss of control.

The government will steadily introduce ways of controlling where you can invest... where you can travel... how much money you will be allowed during retirement...

And you won't have a say in the matter.

Want to take some extra spending money on holiday? Forget it.

Fancy investing in an exciting new growth story in America? Sorry – you don't have permission.

Need to change your pension provisions to make sure your family is provided for? Go stand in line with everyone else.

Needless to say, it won't be a pleasant situation.

And that's why we'd like to show you...

And it's not just Britain that is in a mess, nearly every developed country has the same problems of:

- Debt
- Derivatives
- Demographics

A preview here

<http://www.wealthtransfer.guru/>

And the full picture here

<https://youtu.be/d4INQ9hpXdk>

What to do before the government makes its move against you

It's perfectly clear that the government is in a desperate financial situation, and it's coming after your money.

Unfortunately, it's prudent savers and investors like you that will wind up paying through the nose for the mistakes of other people.

Essentially, the government is rewarding the people who made horrendous mistakes and took out debts they couldn't repay, and they are penalising the people who acted sensibly. **It's just back to front, and wrong.**

Today, we'd like to show you how to take steps to defend yourself and protecting your wealth from the rising tide of government interference and control.

You CAN protect yourself against inflation and low interest rates.

You CAN avoid a collapsing pound brought about by reckless money printing and huge debt.

You CAN stop the government taking a choke-hold over your retirement plans.

We've spent a lot of time and effort developing a strategy called Wealth Fortress which is designed to help you sidestep the government's plans, and potentially prosper in the coming years.

Wealth Fortress

Insures your existing investments and assets against economic collapse.

Has a proven track record of steady profits and growth in all market conditions.

And if we see hyperinflation it could make you seriously wealthy.

<http://www.wealthfortress.co.uk/>